Reply dated June 2, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

Docket No.: 5060-0102PUST

Page 7 of 13

REMARKS

Applicants thank the Examiner for the very thorough consideration given the present

application.

Claims 15-26 are now present in this application. Claims 15-18 are independent. By this

Amendment, claims 8-14 are canceled, claims 15-17 are amended, and claims 18-26 are added.

No new matter is involved.

Reconsideration of this application, as amended, is respectfully requested.

Election/Restriction/ Lack of Unity of Invention

Applicant continues to traverse the holding of lack of unity of invention and withdrawal

of method claims 15-17 from consideration and examination on their merits, notwithstanding the

Group Director's decision on petition, dated March 19, 2010, and reserves the right under 37

CFR §1.144 to file a further petition to the Commissioner to act in his supervisory capacity to

overturn that decision on petition. Applicant notes that, by the express terms of 37 CFR §1.144,

such a petition is timely if filed prior to the taking of an appeal in this application.

Applicants notes, in this regard, that MPEP §1893.03(d) clearly states that "an apparatus

or means is specifically designed for carrying out the process when the apparatus or means is

suitable for carrying out the process with the technical relationship being present between the

claimed apparatus or means and the claimed process. The expression specifically designed does

not imply that the apparatus or means could not be used for carrying out another process, nor

does it imply that the process could not be carried out using an alternative process or

means."(emphasis added).

Reply dated June 2, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

Docket No.: 5060-0102PUS1 Page 8 of 13

The Group Director has to follow the MPEP, and the MPEP clearly does not require a

"special technical feature" be commonly recited in the different statutory categories. Instead, it

only requires that a "technical relationship" be commonly recited for unity of invention to exist.

Accordingly, unity of invention exists between the method and apparatus claims and

claims 15-17 should be examined on their merits in the next Office Action.

Rejections under 35 USC §102

Claim 8 stands rejected under 35 USC §102(b) as being anticipated by JP 01-234024 ("JP

*024"). Claims 8 and 9 stand rejected under 35 USC §102(b) as being anticipated by JP 61-

190866 ("JP '866"). Claims 8-13 stand rejected under 35 USC §3,976,506 to Landau. These

rejections are respectfully traversed as moot because claims 8-13 have been canceled.

New Claims 8-16

Applicant respectfully submits that claims 8-16 patentably define over the

aforementioned applied art for reasons presented below.

New, independent, claim 18 recites a system for protection of high temperature fuel cells

in mobile systems, said fuels cells being subject to load variations of more than five percent over

a period of one hour, comprising: at least one high temperature fuel cell that uses fuel other than

only hydrogen; at least one buffer for storage of surplus energy, arranged to function as a

regulating system between the high temperature fuel cell and a energy consumption unit; and a

device for dumping energy which is required to be led out of the system when the buffer is full

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PCL/RJW/ia

Application No.: 10/553,206 Docket No.: 5060-0102PUS1
Reply dated June 2, 2010 Page 9 of 13

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

or according to need; the system comprising:- a device for storing energy which is produced by

said high temperature fuel cells, and which is not used by the system, in said buffer; a device for

using energy stored in said buffer at the need for more energy in said system than the high

temperature fuel cell can deliver momentarily; and a device for dumping energy which can not

be stored in said buffer, or which is required to be removed momentarily when loosing a energy

consumption unit, by said dumping device; wherein the mobile fuel cells function as a producer

of electric energy while being subject to load variations of more than five percent over a period

of one hour.

With respect to according patentable weight to the claim preamble, Applicant continues

to believe that the Kropa v. Robie decision supports according patentable weight to the claim

preamble for reasons previously presented in the amendment filed on November 2, 2009, which

reasons are incorporated herein by reference thereto. Moreover, where, as here, a patentee uses

the claim preamble to recite structural limitations of his claimed invention, the PTO and courts

give effect to that usage. See Corning Glass Works v. Sumitomo Elec. U.S.A., Inc., 868 F.2d

1251, 1257, 9 USPQ2d 1962, 1966 (Fed.Cir. 1989).

Additionally, claim 18 recites the subject matter of the claim preamble not only in the

claim preamble, but also in a wherein clause in the body of the claim itself. Applicants refer the

Examiner to Akamai Technologies Inc., v. Cable & Wireless Internet Services Inc., 68 USPQ2d

1186 (Fed. Cir. 2003), where patentable weight was given to the "wherein" clause without

question. Similarly, in Griffin v. Bertina, 62 USPQ2d 1431 (Fed. Cir. 2002), the court held that

the wherein clause limits the subject matter in issue. Applicants respectfully submit that the

wherein clause recites features that are not otherwise inherent in the claim and that are used to

patentably define the invention. Applicants respectfully submit that the wherein clause has to be

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PCL/RJW/la

Reply dated June 2, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

Page 10 of 13

Docket No.: 5060-0102PUST

given patentable weight and that none of the applied art discloses the positively recited features

in the wherein clause

Applicant respectfully submits that none of the applied art discloses the features recited

in both the claim preamble and in the body of the claim. More specifically, Applicant

respectfully submits that none of the applied art discloses a system for protection of high

temperature fuel cells in mobile systems wherein the mobile system fuel cells function as a

producer of electricity while being subject to load variations of more than five percent over a

period of one hour.

With respect to JP '024, Applicant respectfully submits that JP '-24 does nor disclose the

claim preamble features and instead, is directed to a simple DC power storage system that uses

low temperature fuel cells that do not have the characteristics of Applicant's claimed high

temperature fuel cells or a load variation system for protection of high temperature fuel cells that

are subject to load variations of at least thirty percent over a period of 15 seconds, as claimed.

With respect to JP '866, applied as an anticipatory reference, Applicant respectfully

submits that this reference also fails to disclose Applicant's claimed high temperature fuel cells

or a load variation system for protection of high temperature fuel cells that are subject to load

variations of at least thirty percent over a period of 15 seconds, as claimed.

Additionally, Applicant respectfully submits that JP '866, applied as an anticipatory

reference, does not disclose a buffer or storage at all, let alone, as claimed. As Applicant

understands the English language translation of JP '866, upon which the rejection is based, the

load is element 20, and element 15 is not a buffer for storage of surplus energy, but is merely an

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PCL/RJW/ia

Reply dated June 2, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

Docket No.: 5060-0102PUS1

Page 11 of 13

alternate load to the load 20 to prevent generation of excessive voltage by the fuel cell

electrodes.

With respect to Landau, applied as an anticipatory reference, Applicant respectfully

submits that this reference also fails to disclose Applicant's claimed high temperature fuel cells

or a load variation system for protection of high temperature fuel cells that are subject to load

variations of more than five percent over a period of one, as claimed.

Additionally, Landau's boiler 20 is not a storage, or a buffer for storing, of surplus

energy, arranged to function as a regulating system between the fuel cell and an energy

consumption unit, as claimed. In Applicant's invention, the buffer, which may be a boiler, is a

separate element from the fuel cell that is between the fuel cell and the receiver of the fuel cell

energy. This differs from Landau, whose boiler 20 is an integral element of the power plant and

is used simply to heat water to steam.

Accordingly, the Office Action fails to make out a prima facie case of anticipation of the

claimed invention recited in claims 18-26.

With respect to the three alternative reference combinations, i.e., Landau in view of either

JP 10-334936 ("JP '936") or U.S. Patent 4,622,275 to Noguchi, or U.S. Patent 5,482,791 to

Shingai, Applicant respectfully that none of these reference combinations render obvious the

claimed invention.

Applicant respectfully submits that Landau fails to disclose the invention recited in claim

18 for reasons set forth above, and that none of the auxiliary references are applied to remedy the

shortcomings of Landau with respect to the claimed invention.

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PCL/RJW/la

Reply dated June 2, 2010

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

Docket No.: 5060-0102PUS1

Page 12 of 13

So, even if one of ordinary skill in the art were (for sake of argument only) properly

motivated to modify Landau in view of any of the three alternatively applied auxiliary

references, the so-modified version of Landau would still not disclose, suggest, or otherwise

render obvious the claimed invention.

Accordingly, the Office Action fails to make out a prima facie case of obviousness of the

claimed invention recited in claims 18-26.

Thus, consideration and allowance of claims 18-26 are respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing claim amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully requests

that the holding of lack of unity of invention and the election of species requirement be

withdrawn, that claims 15-17 be examined on their merits, and that all pending claims be

allowed.

If the Examiner believes, for any reason, that personal communication will expedite

prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone Robert J. Webster, Registration

No. 46, 472, at (703) 205-8000, in the Washington, D.C. area.

Prompt and favorable consideration of this Amendment is respectfully requested.

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

PCL/RJW/la

Application No.: 10/553,206 Docket No.: 5060-0102PUS1
Reply dated June 2, 2010 Page 13 of 13

Reply to Office Action of March 02, 2010

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 or 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Dated: June 2, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

By: /_____ Paul C. Léwis

Registration No.: 43368

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

8110 Gatehouse Road, Suite 100 East

P.O. Box 747

Falls Church, VA 22040-0747

(703) 205-8000